

# INFORMED CONSENT FOR GASTROINTESTINAL ENDOSCOPY

## Explanation of Procedure

Direct visualization of the digestive tract with lighted instruments is referred to as gastrointestinal endoscopy. Your physician has advised you to have this type of examination. The following information is presented to help you understand the reasons for and the possible risks of these procedures.

At the time of your examination, the lining of the digestive tract will be inspected thoroughly and possibly photographed. The photographs taken may be used to assist in my care and may be published anonymously with the intent of advancement in medical education. If an abnormality is seen or suspected, a small portion of the tissue (biopsy) may be removed or the lining may be brushed. These samples are sent for laboratory study to determine if abnormal cells are present. Small growths (polyps), if seen, may be removed.

To keep you comfortable during the procedure, a physician or a Registered Nurse directed by the physician may administer medication defined as Conscious Sedation or Monitored Anesthesia.

## Brief Description of Endoscopic Procedures

1. **EGD (Esophagogastroduodenoscopy):** Examination of the Esophagus, stomach, and duodenum. If active bleeding is found, coagulation by heat may be performed.
2. **Esophageal Dilation:** Dilating tubes or balloons are used to stretch narrow areas of the esophagus.
3. **EIS (Endoscopic Injection Sclerotherapy):** Injection of a chemical into varices (dilated varicose veins of the esophagus) to sclerose (harden) the veins to prevent further bleeding. Injection is done with a small needle probe through the endoscope.
4. **Variceal Banding:** The physician places a latex (rubber) band around the varices to reduce the flow of blood to the vein, thus preventing further bleeding.
5. **Flexible Sigmoidoscopy:** Examination of the anus, rectum and left side of the colon, usually to a depth of 60 cm.
6. **Colonoscopy:** Examination of all or a portion of the colon. Older patients and those with extensive diverticulosis are more prone to complications. Polypectomy (removal of small growths called polyps) is performed, if necessary, by the use of a wire loop and electric current.

Physician explaining procedure: \_\_\_\_\_ M.D. Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**I certify that I understand the information regarding gastrointestinal endoscopy and conscious sedation and/or monitored anesthesia care.**

**I have been fully informed of the risks and possible complications of my procedure.**

I hereby authorize and permit:

<input type="checkbox"/> Jeffrey Kaner, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/> Barry Migicovsky, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/> David Weiss, M.D.
<input type="checkbox"/> Alix Lanoue, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/> Baaz Mishiev, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Leon Maratchi, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/> Wayne Schonfeld, M.D.	<input type="checkbox"/>

and whomsoever he/she may designate as his/her assistant to perform upon me the following:

<input type="checkbox"/> Upper Endoscopy (EGD), with possible biopsy	<input type="checkbox"/> Flexible Sigmoidoscopy	<input type="checkbox"/> Esophageal Dilation
<input type="checkbox"/> Colonoscopy, with possible biopsy or polypectomy	<input type="checkbox"/> Variceal Banding	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

**If any unforeseen condition arises during the procedure calling for, in the physician's judgment, additional procedures, treatments, or operations, I authorize him/her to do whatever he/she deems advisable. I am aware that the practice of medicine and surgery is not an exact science. I acknowledge that no guarantees have been made to me concerning the result of this procedure.**

Patient /  Legally Authorized Representative (check one)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Patient Label

## Principal Risks and Complications of Gastrointestinal Endoscopy

Gastrointestinal endoscopy is generally a low risk procedure. However, all of the following complications are possible. Your physician will discuss their frequency with you, if you desire, with particular reference to your own indications for gastrointestinal endoscopy. **YOU MUST ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN IF YOU HAVE ANY UNANSWERED QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR TEST.**

1. **Perforation:** Passage of the instrument may result in an injury to the gastrointestinal tract wall with possible leakage of gastrointestinal contents into the body cavity. If this occurs, surgery to close the leak and/or drain the region is usually required.
2. **Bleeding:** Bleeding, if it occurs, is usually a complication of biopsy, Polypectomy or dilation. Management of this complication may consist only of careful observation, or may require transfusions, repeat endoscopy to stop the bleeding or possibly a surgical operation.
3. **Medication Phlebitis:** Medications used for sedation may irritate the vein in which they are injected. This causes a red, painful swelling of the vein and surrounding tissue. The area could become infected. Discomfort in the area may persist for several weeks to several months.
4. **Oral:** Damage to your teeth, lips, or jaw may occur due to the presence of instruments in your mouth.
5. **Other Risks:** Include drug reactions and complications from other diseases you may already have or side effects and complications from administered drugs. Instrument failure and death are extremely rare but remain remote possibilities. **YOU MUST INFORM YOUR PHYSICIAN OF ALL YOUR ALLERGIC TENDANCIES AND MEDICAL PROBLEMS.**

## Alternatives to Gastrointestinal Endoscopy

Although gastrointestinal endoscopy is an extremely safe and effective means of examining the gastrointestinal tract, it is not 100 percent accurate in diagnosis. In a small percentage of cases, a failure of diagnosis or misdiagnosis may result. Other diagnostic or therapeutic procedures, such as medical treatment, x-ray and surgery are available. Another option is to choose no diagnostic studies and/or treatment. Your physician will be happy to discuss these options with you.

Relationship to Patient \_\_\_\_\_

Witness of Signature only: \_\_\_\_\_

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Endoscopy**

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